

Recombinant Mouse Nectin-4 (C-Fc)

Catalog # EPT020

Expression Host Human Cells

DESCRIPTION Recombinant Mouse Poliovirus Receptor-Related

Protein 4 is produced by our Mammalian expression

system and the target gene encoding Gly31-Ile349 is

expressed with a Fc tag at the C-terminus.

Accession Q8R007

Synonyms PVRL4; Nectin-4; Ig superfamily receptor LNIR;

Poliovirus receptor-related protein 4; PRR4; LNIR

Mol Mass 61.4 KDa

AP Mol Mass 75-85 KDa, reducing conditions

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing

SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin Less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 EU/μg) as determined by LAL

test.

FORMULATION Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM

PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.

RECONSTITUTION Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by



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vortex or pipetting.

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.

Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SHIPPING

The product is shipped at ambient temperature.

Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

STORAGE

Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20 ° C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days.

Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20° C for 3 months.

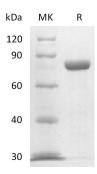
BACKGROUND

Nectin-4 (PVRL4) is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein which belongs to the nectin family of Ig superfamily proteins. It contains two Ig-like C2-type domains and one Ig-like V-type domain. PVRL4 seems to be involved in cell adhesion through trans-homophilic and -heterophilic interactions, the latter including specifically interactions with nectin-1.





It does not act as receptor for alpha-herpesvirus entry into cells. It is predominantly expressed in placenta, the embryo and breast carcinoma. But it is not detected in normal breast epithelium. The soluble form is produced by proteolytic cleavage at the cell surface (shedding), probably by ADAM17. Mutations in this gene are the cause of ectodermal dysplasia-syndactyly syndrome type 1, an autosomal recessive disorder.



SDS-PAGE

